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Precision in Cephalometric Measurements: Comparison of Cone Beam CT Lateral Cephalogram and Direct Digital Lateral Cephalogram

Language: English

Authors:

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Introduction

Objective: Determine whether cone beam computed tomography lateral cephalograms (CBCT-LC) are of equal precision in diagnosis and treatment planning as direct digital lateral cephalograms (DD-LC) or not.

Material and Methods

Ten skeletal Class II patients were selected randomly from the records of orthodontic department, Damascus University. Using InVivo5 Dental software, CBCT data of each patient was imported and the head position was reoriented digitally, then CBCT-reconstructed lateral cephalograms of the same patients were generated. A total of 20 simultaneously recorded lateral cephalograms (10 DD-LC and 10 CBCT-LC) were analyzed. On each cephalogram, 26 parameters (25 angular and 1 ratio) were traced and measured and repeated after 2 weeks by one examiner (O.A).

Statistical Analyses: A paired samples t-test was used to compare the mean values of differences and intraclass correlation coefficients (ICC) were calculated to determine intra-examiner and inter-group correlations.



Fig. 1a: PAX 400 (VATECH CO., Korea).



Fig. 1b: DD-LC.

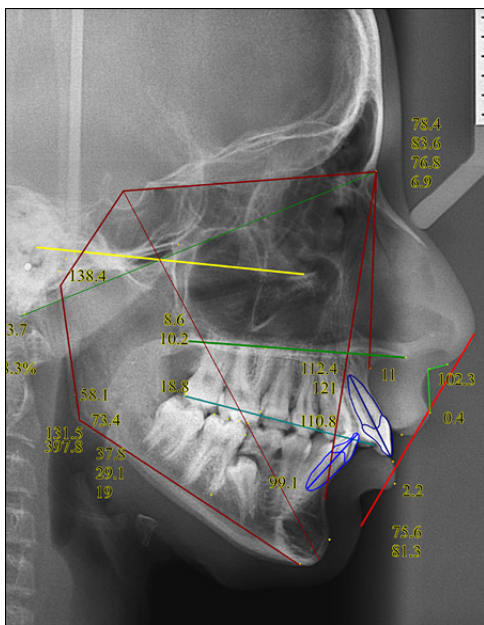


Fig. 1c: Cephalometric analysis performed using the Viewbox 3.1.1.13 cephalometric software (Halazonetis, Athens, Greece).

Fig. 2a: SCANORA (Soredex, Finland).

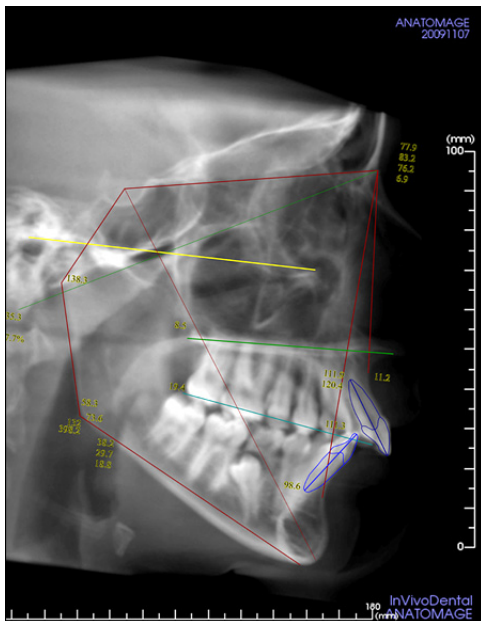


Fig. 2b-c: CBCT-reconstructed cephalogram created using InVivo5 Dental software (Anatomage, San Jose, CA, USA).

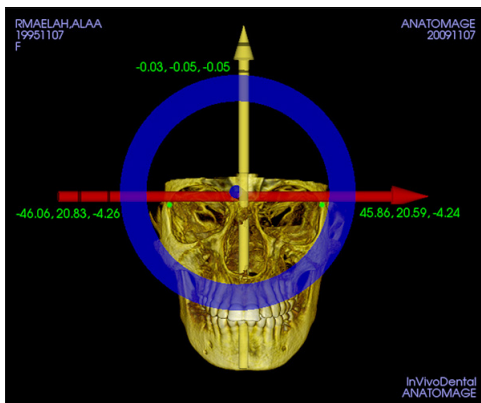
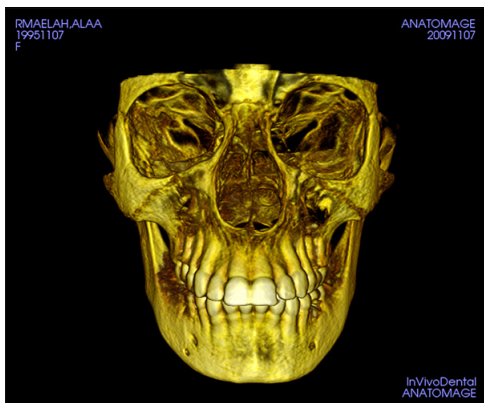


Fig. 3: CBCT 3-D Image. DICOM files were imported and 3-D images were created using InVivo 5 Dental software (Trademark of Anatomage Inc., 111 N. Market St. #800, San Jose, Calif, CA 95113).

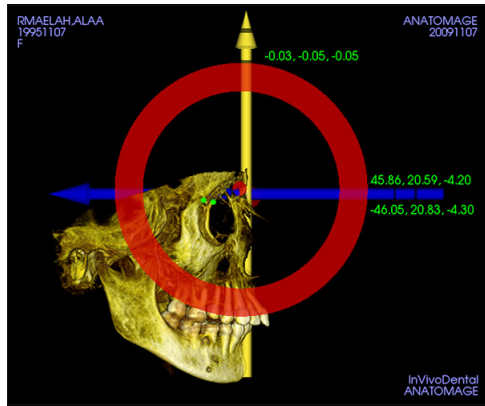


Fig. 4a: Reorientation. 3-D images were reoriented as suggested by Cho 2009.*

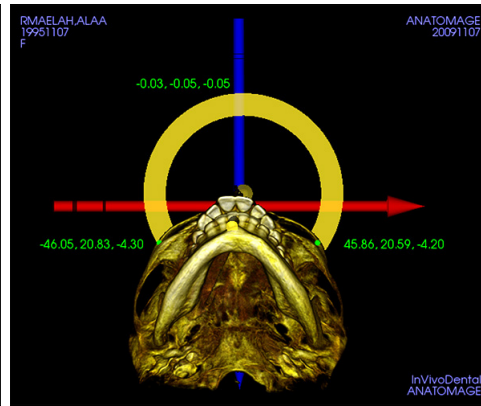


Fig. 4b-c: Reorientation. 3-D images were reoriented as suggested by Cho 2009.*

Results

The intra-examiner reproducibility for all measurements were not significantly different between the 2 cephalogram types. ICC were found to be high (.862 - .999, $P < .001$). The differences of measurements obtained from CBCT-LC and their DD-LC counterparts were statistically significant for 7 angular variables (Table 1). The differences were less than two degrees, which is generally within one standard deviation of norm values in conventional cephalometric analysis. The measurements related to the area around the point A were the least precision.

Repeated Measurements Intra-Examiner Reliability				Variables	Inter-Group Comparison DD LC X CBCT LC					Repeated Measurements Intra-Examiner Reliability			
DD LC		ICC	Sig.		DD LC	CBCT LC	paired t-test	ICC	Sig.	CBCT LC		ICC	Sig.
1st session	2nd session			Mean	Mean	P value	1st session			2nd session			
Angular (°)													
11,21	10,96	0,962	0,000	NSL^NL	11,21	11,11	0,742	0,971	0,000	11,11	11,11	0,995	0,000
36,78	36,8	0,998	0,000	NSL^ML	36,78	37,54	0,063	0,945	0,000	37,54	37,58	0,998	0,000
69,12	69,34	0,996	0,000	N-S-Gn	69,12	69,82	0,021	0,962	0,000	69,82	69,91	0,998	0,000
125,8	126,1	0,994	0,000	N-S-Ar	125,82	126,39	0,18	0,975	0,000	126,4	126,1	0,996	0,000
144,9	144,7	0,996	0,000	S-Ar-Go	144,86	145,12	0,68	0,973	0,000	145,1	145,5	0,994	0,000
126,1	126	0,997	0,000	Ar-Go-Me	126,1	126,03	0,875	0,987	0,000	126	125,9	0,998	0,000
396,8	396,8	0,998	0,000	Sum (Björk)	396,78	397,54	0,063	0,945	0,000	397,5	397,6	0,998	0,000
51,54	51,47	0,998	0,000	N-Go-Ar	51,54	51,07	0,193	0,981	0,000	51,07	50,94	0,998	0,000
74,54	74,51	0,996	0,000	N-Go-Me	74,54	74,98	0,143	0,955	0,000	74,98	74,98	0,994	0,000
132,9	132,9	0,998	0,000	N-S-Ba	132,93	133,72	0,08	0,939	0,000	133,7	133,5	0,993	0,000
77,54	77,54	0,995	0,000	S-N-Pg	77,54	77,21	0,141	0,971	0,000	77,21	77,16	0,999	0,000
82,83	82,9	0,978	0,000	S-N-A	82,83	83,4	0,029	0,874	0,000	83,4	83,22	0,973	0,000
76,57	76,59	0,996	0,000	S-N-B	76,57	76,28	0,264	0,953	0,000	76,28	76,26	0,998	0,000
6,27	6,32	0,981	0,000	A-N-B	6,27	7,13	0,004	0,783	0,000	7,13	7,00	0,981	0,000
11,29	11,48	0,993	0,000	N-A-Pg	11,29	13,31	0,003	0,843	0,000	13,31	13,07	0,989	0,000
78,71	78,31	0,964	0,000	A-B^NL	78,71	76,89	0,002	0,849	0,000	76,89	77,00	0,989	0,000
82,78	82,36	0,955	0,000	A-Pg^NL	82,78	81,23	0,004	0,863	0,000	81,23	81,27	0,996	0,000
25,54	25,87	0,983	0,000	NL^ML	25,54	26,41	0,039	0,962	0,000	26,41	26,48	0,999	0,000
102,7	102,6	0,999	0,000	U1L^NSL	102,73	102,57	0,871	0,942	0,000	102,6	103,1	0,992	0,000
114	113,5	0,985	0,000	U1L^NL	113,96	113,68	0,749	0,902	0,000	113,7	114,2	0,983	0,000
99,34	98,92	0,961	0,000	U1L^ML	99,34	98,53	0,194	0,809	0,002	98,53	98,04	0,916	0,000
121,1	121,7	0,992	0,000	U1L^L1L	121,13	121,37	0,858	0,901	0,000	121,4	121,3	0,985	0,000
21,59	21,56	0,991	0,000	NSL^OL	21,59	21,34	0,539	0,935	0,000	21,34	21,47	0,914	0,000
10,37	10,62	0,862	0,000	OL^NL	10,37	10,23	0,78	0,872	0,029	10,23	10,34	0,964	0,035
15,18	15,26	0,996	0,000	OL^ML	15,18	16,19	0,12	0,860	0,000	16,19	16,16	0,926	0,000
Ratio (%)													

62,08 62,08 0,996 0,000 S-Go:N- 62,08 61,47 0,088 0,946 0,000 61,47 61,4 0,998 0,000
Me

Tab. 1: Intra-Examiner and Inter-Group Correlations

Conclusion

Precision was similar in both image types. The measurement differences between image types were statistically significant. Current findings substantiated the benefits of CBCT cephalometry in terms of the reliability of two-dimensional cephalometric analysis.

Literature

1. * CHO HJ. A Three-Dimensional Cephalometric Analysis. J Clin Orthod 2009;43(4):235-252.

Abbreviations

CBCT-LC: Cone Beam Computed Tomography Lateral Cephalogram.

DD-LC: Direct Digital Lateral Cephalogram.

ICC: intraclass correlation coefficients.

This Poster was submitted by Dr. Osama Al-ali.

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Precision in Cephalometric Measurements: Comparison of Cone Beam CT Lateral Cephalogram and Direct Digital Lateral Cephalogram

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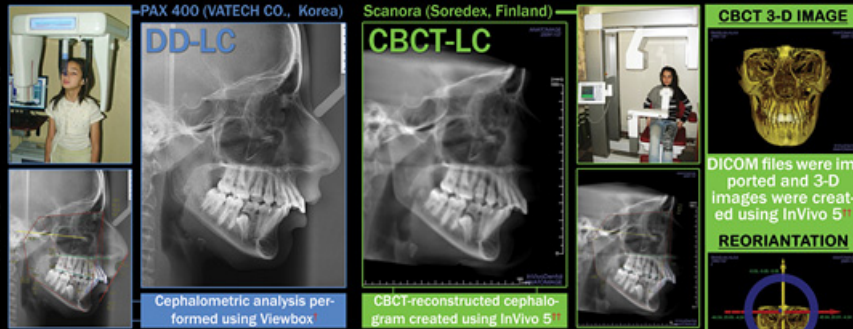
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MATERIALS AND METHODS:

Ten skeletal Class II patients were selected randomly from the records of orthodontic department, Damascus University. After generating CBCT-reconstructed lateral cephalograms of the same patients, a total of 20 simultaneously recorded cephalograms (10 DD-LC and 10 CBCT-LC) were analyzed. On each cephalogram, 26 parameters (25 angular and 1 ratio) were traced and measured and repeated after 2 weeks by one examiner.

CONCLUSION:

Precision was similar in both image types. The measurement differences between image types were statistically significant. Current findings substantiated the benefits of CBCT cephalometry in terms of the reliability of two-dimensional cephalometric analysis.



STATISTICAL ANALYSES:

A paired samples t-test was used to compare mean values of differences and intraclass correlation coefficients (ICC) were calculated to determine intra-examiner and inter-group correlations.

RESULTS:

The intra-examiner reproducibility for all measurements were not significantly different between the 2 types. ICC were found to be high (.862 - .999, P < .001). The differences of measurements obtained from CBCT-LC and their DD-LC counterparts were statistically significant for 7 angular variables (Table 1). The differences were less than 2°, which is generally within ± 1 SD of norm values in conventional cephalometric analysis. The measurements related to the area around the point A were the least precision.

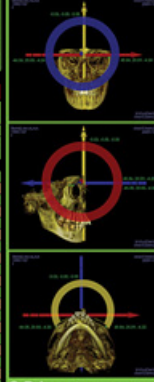
Table 1: Intra-Examiner and Inter-Group Correlations

Repeated Measurements (Intra-Examiner Reliability)			Inter-Group Comparison (CBCT vs DD-LC)					Repeated Measurements (Intra-Examiner Reliability)		
Variables	DD-LC		DD-LC Mean	CBCT-LC Mean	paired t-Test P-value	ICC	CBCT-LC		ICC	
	1 st Measure	2 nd Measure					1 st Measure	2 nd Measure		
Angular (°)										
NSL/NL	11.21	10.95	0.962	11.21	11.11	0.742	0.971	11.11	11.11	0.995
NSL/MNL	36.78	36.80	0.999	36.78	37.54	0.003	0.945	37.54	37.54	0.999
NS-S-Cm	66.12	69.34	0.996	69.32	69.82	0.221	0.952	69.82	69.91	0.999
NS-Ar	125.83	128.09	0.994	125.82	128.39	0.180	0.975	128.39	128.13	0.996
S-Ar-Go	144.88	144.73	0.996	144.86	145.12	0.680	0.973	145.12	145.52	0.994
Ar-Go-Me	126.90	125.87	0.997	126.90	126.03	0.875	0.987	126.03	125.92	0.998
Bum (Borks)	196.71	196.80	0.996	196.70	197.54	0.043	0.945	197.54	197.51	0.996
N-Go-Ar	51.54	51.47	0.996	51.54	51.07	0.193	0.981	51.07	50.94	0.995
N-Go-Me	74.54	74.91	0.996	74.54	74.98	0.143	0.955	74.98	74.98	0.994
N-S-Go	133.93	132.87	0.999	133.93	133.72	0.890	0.999	133.72	133.54	0.993
S-N-Pg	77.54	77.54	0.995	77.54	77.21	0.541	0.971	77.21	77.16	0.990
S-N-A	82.83	82.90	0.978	82.83	83.40	0.029	0.874	83.40	83.22	0.973
S-N-B	76.97	76.99	0.996	76.97	76.21	0.204	0.953	76.21	76.20	0.996
Ar-S	6.27	6.32	0.881	6.27	6.13	0.704	0.783	6.13	6.00	0.881
N-A-Pg	11.29	11.48	0.993	11.29	13.31	0.005	0.843	13.31	13.07	0.989
A-B-Me	78.71	78.31	0.964	78.71	78.89	0.002	0.849	78.89	77.09	0.989
A-P-Me	82.78	82.38	0.958	82.78	81.23	0.004	0.853	81.23	81.21	0.996
NS-Me	23.54	23.87	0.983	23.54	26.41	0.009	0.962	26.41	26.43	0.999
U1L/NSL	102.73	102.60	0.999	102.73	102.57	0.871	0.942	102.57	103.08	0.992
U1L/MNL	113.90	113.53	0.985	113.90	113.68	0.749	0.902	113.68	114.19	0.983
L1L/MNL	99.34	98.90	0.985	99.34	98.93	0.194	0.809	98.93	98.04	0.910
U1L/L1L	121.13	121.66	0.992	121.13	121.37	0.858	0.901	121.37	121.27	0.985
NSL*OL	21.59	21.56	0.991	21.59	21.34	0.539	0.935	21.34	21.47	0.914
OL/MNL	10.37	10.62	0.862	10.37	10.23	0.780	0.876	10.23	10.34	0.864
OL/MNL	15.18	15.26	0.956	15.18	16.19	0.120	0.880	16.19	16.16	0.925
Ratio (%)										
S-Go-N-Me	62.08	62.08	0.996	62.08	61.47	0.008	0.946	61.47	61.40	0.993

Statview® 5.1.1.13 cephalometric software; Hellenikon, Athens, Greece.
 Dolphin 3.0.0.0 software; Trademark of Anulomex, Inc., 111 N. Market St., 400, San Jose, Calif. CA 95113
 ©DHI, Inc. A Three Dimensional Cephalometric Analysis. J Clin Orthod 2008;42(4):235-252.

DICOM files were imported and 3-D images were created using InVivo 5

REORIENTATION



3-D images were re-oriented as suggested by Cho 2009

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